





**Short of Paper.**  
Owing to the market being bare of paper of the usual size, we shall be compelled to appear in a reduced form until the arrival of the Active with a supply. The quantity of reading matter will not be in any respect abridged by this reduction.

See First Page.

**The Governor's Speech.**  
When we consider that the reputation of His Excellency the Governor is at stake at the Colonial Office, no one can doubt that he is fully alive to the responsibility of bringing together in close communion two sections until lately bitterly antagonistic to each other's interests. The earnestness of His Excellency is not doubted; his ability to perform the task he has undertaken remains to be proven. It is undeniable that the Colonies have worked badly in single harness; can the Governor manage them when hitched together as a team? The question is one that a few weeks' time will determine; and, while the country is preparing to watch the political events of the session, it is essential that we should direct public attention to the most prominent topics discussed in the Speech. After assuring the Council that he is aware of the responsibility resting upon him, and calling attention to the Standing Orders, Governor Seymour proposes to introduce indemnity measures for money expended both by his own and Governor Kennedy's administrations without the authority of the Appropriation Acts. Nothing is said, however, as to the exigencies that called for this over-expenditure; but it is to be presumed that satisfactory explanations will be furnished at the proper time. If no satisfactory explanation be given, then not one line of indemnity should be extended. If the Council is to have a voice in the expenditure of the public monies, that voice should be listened to and respected; but if the Government is to have the power to expend the public monies after a fashion of its own, the labor devoted to considering the Estimates will be simply lost, for while the Council is employed in tying a stout string around the mouth of the bag, the Government is as industriously engaged in letting the cash out through a great hole in the bottom. Nothing will justify an over-expenditure save an unlooked-for emergency, and it lies with the Governor to state when, where and how an emergency arose. The indemnity for the suspension of the Vancouver Import Acts will, no doubt, be readily granted; but His Excellency does not deign to ask an indemnity for illegally collecting at New Westminster duties upon goods shipped from Victoria, when the English Customs Consolidation Act distinctly says that no duties can be levied upon goods bound from one port of the Kingdom to another. The recommendation to extend certain Acts of each section over the United Colony is excellent, with the exception of that relating to the sale of liquor to Indians. This Act, experience has taught, can never be enforced. The Indian gets all the rot-gut he requires, notwithstanding the stringent law in force; whereas, were the traffic thrown open to licensed dealers, he would drink the same quality of liquor as the whites. The effect of the prohibitory law is thus more destructive to the life and morality of the Indian than if it were not in existence. Its presence on our statute books offers a premium to low scoundrels to engage in an illicit traffic; while the very risks they run to dispose of their stock to the "untutored savage" serves—not to prevent its sale—but to increase the price of the commodity. Indian liquor laws have failed everywhere, and in no section of the continent more completely than this. In referring to the finances of both sections of the Colony, Governor Seymour regrets that they are in a "most unsatisfactory state," and gives it as his deliberate conviction that "Union came none too late." These admissions support what the opponents of Unconditional Union always maintained—that the mainland was in a greater state of financial distress than the Island. Since Union we have found that this assertion was too true. But while Vancouver politicians were going about wringing their hands in despair, proclaiming their

poverty and wretchedness, and praying Her Majesty to grant them immediate Union, as the only escape from utter ruin, the politicians on the mainland kept a "stiff upper lip" and maintained a shabby-genteel appearance to the very last day of their separate existence. Had the Islanders acted as wisely, they would to-day have seen the mainland on her knees at their gates a suppliant for admission to their family circle on "any terms that they may have seen fit to grant." The statement that the estimates of revenue and expenditure are lighter for the United Colony than has been voted for the service of the mainland alone, furnishes a grain of comfort; but further down we find that the Government does "not propose to undertake any public work of magnitude during the year." When the details have been laid before the Council, it will be seen that the great saving lies more in the absence of expenditure for public improvements than in the reduction of offices and salaries. However, we are not disposed to pick holes in His Excellency's Retrenchment policy. Taken all and all, it is wise and just; and the admission that it is to "the amalgamation of offices rather than to the reduction of salaries that we must look for our future economy," is very sensible. Nothing looks sadder than a battalion of underpaid, ill-dressed, hungry and thirsty-looking officials, with not enough work on hand to keep them out of mischief, and not sufficient pay to permit of their cutting a figure of respectability in the public eye. Some of the official salaries on the mainland were, however, out of all proportion to the resources of the Colony to pay; these, we are glad to learn, have been cut down—His Excellency's among the number—and the holders of offices furnished with extra work. The public work of "secondary importance," to which His Excellency rather flippantly refers, cost \$50,000, and is a monument to the generosity of the Islanders towards their late ruler. As such, it was entitled to something more than a passing notice from Mr Seymour—an inscription, perhaps. The dredger and tug ought to be consigned to the Knight of the Hammer for disposal. The first is anything but an ornament to our harbor; the last enters into competition with citizens for the carrying trade of the East Coast. The Assay Office, we hope, will be closed. It is a losing concern, and is destructive to private enterprise. The same fate should attend the Printing Office—of which His Excellency carefully avoids mention—but which may form the subject of one of the promised messages. The abrogation of direct taxes and a revision of the Tariff are urgently demanded, and promised; but why is Mr Wylie confirmed as Assessor if his occupation, is so soon to be gone? The Speech leaves the Colony in suspense as to whether New Westminster has been permanently selected for the Capital, or whether the location will be left to the Council to decide. The Governor, it will be observed, says that "probably" he will furnish a message "as to the cause of the selection made for the seat of Government." This may mean that the Capital is irrevocably fixed at New Westminster; or it may mean that the Governor feels that an apology is due to the Council for calling them together at the City of Stamps, when there are many more desirable and suitable locations that might easily have been fixed upon. His Excellency does not say that the question is closed, nor does he promise to lay it before the Council for their action; but as he has over and over again pledged himself to govern according to the "well understood wishes of the people," he designs, we think, to leave it eventually to the people's representatives to determine. But is it not a little extraordinary that His Excellency only heard of the agitation about the Capital a "few hours" before he sallied forth to meet the Council? Is it not strange that a question that has agitated every (selectoral district from Victoria to Cariboo—that has been embodied in the address of every aspiring candidate for Council honors, and that has created a greater amount of newspaper discussion than any political question that has agitated the Colony of late—is it not strange, we ask, that His Excellency should have remained so completely in the dark as to the agitation that was going on that he "cannot comprehend" the amount of interest felt in it? What marvelous simplicity! Could there be a more forcible argument advanced by the advocates for the removal of the Capital than the fact that the

Governor of this "magnificent territory," seated in his office at New Westminster, is so profoundly ignorant of what is going on around him that he did not know until Thursday last that an agitation existed on a vital public question! In conclusion, Governor Seymour speaks hopefully of future prospects, and invokes the blessing of the Almighty upon the efforts we (he) is about to make to promote the welfare of the country. But Providence only helps those who help themselves; and except the Administration proves its ability to rule by some more practical test than that of mere words, it will be sure that the divine inspiration will be withheld. As a whole, the Speech is a well written document—rather dictatorial in one or two sentences, but a very respectable State paper; displaying considerable thought and ability, and causing the reader to exclaim, almost involuntarily, "if Mr Seymour can govern as well as he can write, there is little fear but we shall ultimately emerge from the state of 'local depression' in which we are plunged to a condition of comparative prosperity." We shall see!

**The Wreck of the Mauna Kea.**  
**Rescue of the Captain, Five Seamen, and a Kanaka Woman, by H. M. S. Sparrowhawk.**  
H. M. S. Sparrowhawk, Capt. Porcher, returned from Klaskan Inlet yesterday afternoon, bringing Capt. Robinson, five seamen, and a Kanaka woman, lately belonging to the wrecked bark Mauna Kea, of the Hawaiian Islands, which was wrecked on the West Coast of the Island, about two months ago. The Sparrowhawk was absent two weeks, and met with lightful weather. Capt. Porcher experienced no difficulty in rescuing the shipwrecked men; and it appears that the "yarn" spun here about their having been made slaves by the Indians, was without foundation. Capt. Robinson and his men speak in the highest terms of the treatment they received from all hands on board the Sparrowhawk. An interesting account of the trip of the Sparrowhawk, together with the statement of Capt. Robinson, furnished by a special correspondent, will be found below:  
Jan. 10th—Left Esquimaux for the West Coast to look for the crew of the Hawaiian bark Mauna Kea, reported wrecked somewhere in the vicinity of Klaskan Inlet.  
11th—Anchored in the afternoon in Tribune Bay, Harby Island; the weather stormy, the barometer having fallen to 29.14 in.; a family of Uguilas found encamped close to the anchorage; had been successful in killing numerous deer, seals, &c. This Island, on the anchorage side, appears to be formed of a recent sandstone, interspersed with black shale, offering fair indications of the presence of coal; and along the eastern side is sparsely wooded with dwarf oak [Quercus garryana] presenting a park-like appearance, and holding out considerable inducement for a settlement, as there would be no great difficulty in clearing the land, the soil appearing to be good and the water supply plentiful.  
12th—Left at day break and anchored at dusk in Plumper Bay, the weather squally and snowing heavily, thermometer 24 deg.  
13th—Proceeded at daybreak and arrived off Fort Rupert at 7 p.m. Mr Weynton came on board and reported that the wrecked party, consisting of 6 men and 1 woman, were supposed to be at Quakino, but had no certain intelligence as the Indians that had been sent to their assistance with provisions and blankets from the Fort had not yet returned. Next morning, visited the Fort and saw Capt. Meade; the Indians of the village, close to the Fort, were somewhat excited, being engaged in their medicine rites, and preparing for a magnificent "potlatch" at which, amongst the numerous things to be given away, were some very fine canoes, displayed, hauled up on the beach. They were, however, peaceable, and a marked improvement was observable in their deportment since the visit of H. M. S. Cho last year, the punishment inflicted having had a very salutary effect.  
14th—Left Beaver Harbor at 11 a.m., and experienced very stormy weather in passing round Cape Scott, the wind blowing strongly from the south-west, and snow falling heavily.  
15th—Arrived, at 11 a.m., in White Harbor, situated off Forvie Inlet, and came to a stop opposite the Quakino village; the Indians could give Captain Porcher no information, and had heard very little about the wreck; they are a very small tribe and number about forty; occupies the head end of a conical shape, and speak to Quakino language, which is distinct from that of Klaskan Inlet. While here with out coming to anchor, and proceeded to Hecate Cove, anchoring near the Koskeemo village. This village consisted of fifteen large huts, and other quite a contrast as compared with the other Indian settlements visited all round the coast, being very superior to any of the others both as regards cleanliness and comfort, the lodges being roomy and well constructed. The natives appeared a vigorous and fine race, cheerful and intelligent, the juvenile population healthy and numerous—a good feature in the community. The tribe number about 400, of which 120 are adult males. The conical head was here seen in perfection, more especially among the females, the head of one of whom measured in diameter, fore and aft, 17 inches, side to side 14 inches, circular 24 inches, and across the zygomatic arch 11 inches. Several infants were seen undergoing the process, fashed up in cradles in the shape of a small canoe, with a cavity just large enough to admit the body of a child and the head also, giving it room to expand in length. The pressure is applied by means of two tapered pads of cedar bound to each side of the head by a circular bandage, and after leaving the cradle up to the age of puberty a circular band of cedar is worn, which the girls sometimes render ornamental by coquettishly placing in it a sprig of pine above the right ear. Another feature also attended to in the infantile development is keeping the head bandaged with the toes turned in. The expression of the head seems to have no prejudicial effect on the intellect, and is, perhaps, on the whole, less injurious than squeezing the waist, which we do know interfere

with the vital functions. As regards the "toeing in," it has been proved in the late American war that a man walks faster and longer with his feet in this position than with the toes turned out, as it enables him to avail himself more completely of the action of the muscles of the leg and foot. From information received here we found that the Indians who had been sent to the scene of the wreck with provisions from Fort Rupert had returned and reported that the wrecked party had left Klaskan Inlet and were living in the house of a white trader, named Charlie, somewhere in Kyquoot Sound, as the Klaskan Indians had no more food to give them, and Charlie had "by-yo."  
16th—Left this morning for Kyquoot, but were obliged to put into Koprno harbor on account of strong southwesterly winds, accompanied with rain. The afternoon and next day were spent cutting wood and watering the ship. The formation both here and at Hecate Cove appeared to consist of red metamorphic sandstone, much colored by oxide of iron and overlaid in some places by a coarse conglomerate, the whole resting on a bed of clay, slate and trap. No coal was observed in this neighborhood, although the formation is decidedly carboniferous. Coal, however, I am told crops out in considerable quantity higher up the arm. The timber found to exist here consisted of Menzies Spruce (Abies Menziesii), Haplock Spruce (Abies Canadensis), Cedar (Thuja Gigantea), with dense undergrowth of crab, alder, and sal (Salix glauca) &c.  
18th—Started again this morning, but had to bear up for North Harbour, on account of strong S.E. gales accompanied with rain. The neighbourhood of the harbour appears to be a very favorite summer residence from the heaps of sea urchin shells (balanus) piled up on the beach.  
19th—Got underway this afternoon, experiencing very rough weather on clearing the Sound, and although steaming full power making little progress.  
20th—Heavy sea from N.E. ship rolling about 18 a minute and occasionally shipping heavy seas over her stern; atmosphere thick and heavy, rendering it impossible to distinguish the entrance into Kyquoot Sound. Barometer 29.11 inches.  
21st—Arrived this afternoon in Kyquoot Sound and anchored in Fair Harbour. The Sound is surrounded by an abrupt range of high mountains, evidently of an igneous nature and at the entrance is obstructed by numerous dangerous reefs and hidden rocks, on one of which some Indian canoes were past, thinking we were going to strike, made most violent pantomimic signs with their paddles to warn us. This tribe (the Kyquoot) number about 200, are very poor, live in low dirty hovels, go about almost naked with the exception of wearing tippets of cedar bark, and altogether are engaged in rather a severe Darwinian "struggle for existence." They speak a separate language of their own and do not compress the head. On inquiring after the wrecked crew we found they were living on an island about 10 miles off, at the entrance of the Sound, Nettle Island, in the house of the trader Charlie alias Charlie Carlton. In order to communicate with them Capt. Porcher called a canoe and dispatched it in charge of Sergeant Perrell of the Victoria Police, a most energetic and intelligent officer, who accompanied the ship as interpreter and was of very great service in communicating with and obtaining information from the natives. He returned late in the evening, having communicated with the wrecked party, and again started next morning with Lieut. Harrison is one of the ship's boats, fetching back here in the evening, Capt. Robinson, 5 seamen and one Kanaka woman (who was taking a passage on the wrecked ship). One of the men was suffering from paralysis of the lower limbs, the effect of exposure, and another was slightly frost bitten. They all spoke in the highest terms of the great kindness and hospitality they received from Carlton, who supplied them in the most liberal manner with everything they stood in need of. They also say that the Klaskan Indians behaved very well to them, sharing their food with them until they had no more to spare and were becoming short of supplies themselves, and then conveyed them to the trader Charlie's house. This tribe (Klaskan) appear to be a very intelligent and rapidly dying off, numbering about 40, or which not more than 12 are said to have been seen to have no distinct language of their own, but like other border tribes speak with equal facility the language of the Kyquoot on one side or that of the Koskeemo on the other, to the latter of which, however, they appear more nearly allied, as they practice a partial compression of the head after the Koskeemo fashion, a custom not existing in the Kyquoot tribe.  
Captain Robinson gives the following account of the circumstances of the wreck: He left Port Gamble, Puget Sound, November 29th, 1866 in the Hawaiian bark Mauna Kea, 370 tons, laden with lumber and bound for Honolulu and on the 17th November, being a week out from Port Angeles, was dismasted in a severe gale, somewhere off the mouth of the Columbia River, and drifted up helplessly along shore, anchoring at the entrance to Klaskan Sound, November 29th, but next day the anchor parting, the bark went on shore; 4 of the crew clung to the deck house, 2 of which safely reached the shore, the other 2 being drowned, while the remainder reached the shore on a raft. They saw no natives for 9 days, during which period they subsisted on some flour and beans thrown on shore from the wreck, and on the 10th day the Indians made their appearance, and conveyed them to their village, situated 10 miles up the arm. The provisions of the Indians failing, two men started on the 23rd of December to reach Port Rupert by Quakino Sound, and on the following day, Capt. Robinson left for Nettle Island, the residence of Carlton, which he reached on the evening of the 25th of December, the remainder of the crew arriving two days subsequently, since which they have remained up to the date of our arrival.  
Jan. 23rd—Steamed out of the harbour for Esquimaux, passing through a sheet of ice about an inch thick, which had formed during the night, and arrived on the afternoon of the 25th at Esquimaux.  
LAST CHANCE.—The entire stock of Brunton's fine clothing, hats, caps and gentlemen's furnishing goods, must be sold within two weeks. In order to give the citizens a chance to purchase, sovereigns will be accepted at \$5 and greenbacks at San Francisco current rates. Yates Street, opposite the Bank of British North America.  
HOLLAND'S PILLS.—Gentle Liquid Advice.—To all persons who suffer from bilious bowstages, disordered stomach, humors, or flatulency, these Pills are most strongly recommended as the safest, best and quickest means of restoring ease, without weakening or irritating the nervous system. Holland's Pills are especially useful in clearing away any excess of bile, which usually produces a red, inflamed, and painful condition of the bowels, and which may be relieved upon for removing all danger. And by purging and regulating the circulation, they effectually prevent relapses. By raising the liver to its normal position, and quickly carrying off from the system, these Pills ward off biliousness, flatulency, and those distressing feelings often called "nervous."

**THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND.**  
**PERRY DAVIS'**  
**VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.**  
The Greatest Family Medicine of the Age  
Taken internally, it cures sudden colds, coughs, etc., weak stomach, general debility, nervous sore mouth, canker, liver complaint, dyspepsia or indigestion, cramp and pain in the stomach, bowel complaint, painters' colic, Asiatic cholera, diarrhoea, and dysentery. APPLIED EXTERNALLY, cures felons, boils and ulcers, severe burns and scalds, cuts, bruises and sprains, swollen joints, ringworm and tetter, broken breasts, frosted feet and chilblains, toothache, pain in the face, neuralgia and rheumatism. It is a SURE REMEDY FOR AGUE AND CHILLS AND FEVER.  
MOORE & CO., Agents.  
23.—The best Remedy for Purifying the Blood, strengthening the Nerves, restoring the Lost Appetite, FRISSE'S HAMBURG TEA.  
It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, used timely. Composed of herbs only, it can be given safely to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish, and German, with every package. TRY IT!  
For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries.  
EMIL FRESSE, Wholesale Druggist, Sole Agent, 410 Clay St. San Francisco, Cal.  
**New Advertisements.**  
**WANTED**  
A GENTLEMAN WISHES AN UNFURNISHED BED-ROOM, with a respectable family, and the use of a sitting room. If convenient, would take dinner also in the house.  
Address, with particulars, "L."—This Office.  
Jas 21  
**WANTED.**  
A GOOD COOK.  
Apply to MRS. BOWMAN, Yates Street.  
Jas 21  
**TO LOAN**  
SEVERAL SUMS ON APPROVED security.  
Apply to T. ALSTON, Land Agent, Government Street, near Broughton, Victoria.  
Jas 23  
MR. FELIX LELAIH in announcing the Sale of the  
**CALIFORNIA SALOON,**  
CORNER OF Waddington Alley and Johnson Streets, TO  
**P. MURPHY.**  
Solicits a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on himself for his success, and tenders his thanks for past favors.  
**P. MURPHY**  
Beg to inform the Public that he intends Re-opening the above Saloon, WITH A STOCK OF CHOICE Wines, Liquors & Cigars.  
**THE BILLIARD TABLES**  
Are on the most approved principle. Visitors will receive every attention.  
Jas 21m  
**NOTICE.**  
ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the California Saloon are requested to present them before the 1st of February. And parties indebted to the undersigned are requested to make immediate payment.  
FELIX LELAIH, Jas 21w  
Victoria, Jan. 23, 1867.  
**MARINE INSURANCE**  
**THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY**  
SAN FRANCISCO.  
This Company insures Cargoes, Treasure, Commissions, Profits, and all Marine and Inland Navigation, Risks to and from all Ports of the World.  
For rates of Premium and further information apply to  
**J. Robertson Stewart,** Agent, Victoria, V. I.  
Jas 24  
**COKE!**  
**FOR SALE**  
AT THE  
**GAS WORKS,**  
AT  
**50 CTS. A BARREL.**  
Jas 1m  
**J. J. COCHRANE**  
Auctioneer & Land Agent,  
SALESROOM—THEATRE BUILDING,  
GOVERNMENT STREET.  
**LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE.**  
**I. BRAVERMAN,**  
**CIGAR & TOBACCO**  
WAREHOUSE,  
NORTH-WEST CORNER OF GOVERNMENT & YATES STREETS, VICTORIA.  
Jas 24

**New Advertisements.**  
**S.T-1860-X.**  
A GREAT MANY SICK MEN ARE being made at the Plantation Bitters, by a one of two of the most powerful medicines ever discovered to imitate or counteract them. It's all of no use. The people won't be long imposed upon. The Plantation Bitters are increasing in use and popularity every day, and "that's what's the matter." They are a same sized bottle and made just as they were at first, and will continue to be, or we shall stop making them.  
The Plantation Bitters purify, strengthen and invigorate, they create a healthy appetite, they are an antidote to disease of water and diet, they overcome effects of dissipation and late hours, they strengthen the system and enliven the mind, they prevent malarial and intermittent fevers, they purify the blood and soothe the stomach, they cure Dyspepsia and Constipation, they cure Diarrhoea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus, they cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache, they make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. The recipe and full Circular are around each bottle. Clergymen, Merchants and persons whose sedentary habits induce weakness, indigestion, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, liver complaint, constipation, &c., will find immediate and permanent relief in these Bitters. But above all, they are recommended to weak and delicate female and mothers.  
The original quality and high character of these Bitters will be sustained under every and all circumstances. They have already obtained a sale in every town, village, and hamlet since being introduced into the world. Base imitators try to come near our name and style as they can, but they cannot equal our Bitters, as we have a patent on the name and style, and we will not allow any one to use our name without our consent. See our private stamp over the cork.  
P. H. L. & Co., Proprietors, New York City.  
Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, Country Stores and dealers everywhere throughout the world.  
**C. LANGLEY & CO.,** Victoria, General Agents for the Colony.  
**Barne's Magnolia Water.**  
A toilet delight! The ladies' treasure and gentlemen's luxury! The "sweetest thing" and largest quantity. Manufactured from the rich Southern Magnolia. Used for bathing the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to prevent eruptions, to perfume clothing, &c. It overcomes the unpleasant odor of perspiration. It removes redness, tan, blotches, &c. It cures nervous headache and allays inflammation. It cools, softens and adds delicacy to the skin. It fields a subdued and lasting perfume. It cures mosquito bites and stings of insects. It contains no material injurious to the skin. If it what every lady should have, sold everywhere. Try the Magnolia Water once and you will use no other Cologne, Perfumery, or Toilet Water afterwards.  
**DEMARS BARNES & Co.,** Props. Exclusive Ag. N. Y.  
**Over a Million Dollars Saved.**  
GENTLEMEN:—I had a negro man worth \$1 200 who took cold from a bad hurt in the leg, and was useless for over a year. I had used everything I could hear of without benefit, until I used the Mexican Mustang Liniment. It soon effected a permanent cure.  
J. L. DOWNING.  
Montgomery, Ala. June 17th, 1865.  
"I take pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Sores, Scratches or Galls on Horses. Our men have used it for Burns, Bruises, Sores, Rheumatism, &c., and all say it acts like magic."  
J. W. HEWITT  
Foreman for American, Wells Fargo's and Hardens' Express.  
"The sprain of my daughter's ankle, occasioned while skating last winter, was entirely cured in one week, after she had been using your celebrated Mustang Liniment."  
ED. SEELY.  
Gloucester, Mass. August 1, 1865.  
It is a well known fact that the Mexican Mustang Liniment performs more cures in a shorter time, on man and beast, than any article ever discovered. Families, lawyers, men and planters should always have it on hand quick and sure it certainly is. All genuine is wrapped in steel-plated engravings, bearing the name W. Westbrock, Chemist, and the private U. S. stamp of Demars Barnes & Co. over the top. An effort has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. Look closely!  
**Lyon's Kathairon.**  
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It eradicates scurf and dandruff. It keeps the head cool and clean. It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy. It prevents hair turning gray and falling off. It restores hair upon prematurely bald heads. This is just what Lyon's Kathairon will do. It is pretty—it is cheap—durable. It is literally sold by the earload, and yet its almost incredible demand is daily increasing, until there is hardly a country store that does not keep it for a family that does not use it.  
E. THOMAS LYON, Chemist, N. Y.  
**Lyon's Flea Powder**  
Lyon's Magnetic Insect Powder is instant death to fleas, ticks, Roaches, and everything of the insect species. It is one of the few articles that can be relied upon, and for a mere two bits we can save the bites and stings of these little pests. None is genuine unless signed by E. Lyon, and bearing the private stamp of Demars Barnes & Co., New York.  
**Lyon's Extract Ginger.**  
LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, flatulency, &c., where a warm stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. So every where, at 50 cts. per bottle. Ask for "Lyon's Pure Extract," Taken other.  
Gentlemen—See that the private U. S. Stamp of Demars Barnes & Co. is over the cork of each bottle; none other is genuine.  
**Plantation Bitters,**  
**MAGNOLIA WATER,**  
**AND ALL ABOVE ARTICLES.**  
For sale by all Dealers.  
**C. LANGLEY & CO.,** Victoria, Agents for the Colony.



**THE BRITISH COLONIST.**  
Saturday Morning, January 26, 1887  
**Shipping Intelligence**  
PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.  
ENTERED  
Jan 25—Str Isabella, Dunbar, Nanaimo  
Str Joseph McNear, Berry, Port Townsend  
Slip Harriott, McKenzie, San Juan  
CLEARED.  
Jan 25—Sch Thornby, Thornton, San Juan  
Slip Harriott, McKenzie, San Juan  
**DIED.**  
In this City, at the Royal Hospital, on the 25th inst., from the effects of a gun-shot wound, received at Comox, a short time since, Henry Harrop, a native of England, aged 29 years.

**Auction Sales To-day.**  
J. A. McCREA—Wharf Street—will sell at 11 o'clock a. m., at Salesroom, Groceries & Provisions; also Boots & Shoes; also Furniture; also Sherry & Brandy; also Pipes, Crockery, Dumb Bells, &c.; also Sugars, &c.

**THE SHOOTING AT COMOX**—Henry Harrop, the unfortunate young Englishman who was shot about a month ago by Holder, of the firm of Hart & Holder, at Comox, with a revolver, died yesterday at the Royal Hospital, where he had lain for three weeks under medical treatment. The deceased was aged 29 years, and was a farmer at Comox. The facts of the case, as gleaned, at the time were these. Holder had been drinking hard, and on the day of the shooting flourished a revolver in his own bar-room. He was advised to fire off the charges, and emptied the chambers of the cylinder with the exception of one, when he aimed the revolver at Harrop and fired—the ball passing through the latter's body and lodging in his spine. Holder is out on bail taken by Justice Franklin, at Nanaimo, and is said to be at Comox. The fatal termination of the shooting will necessitate his immediate arrest and trial for homicide. An inquest will be held to-day.

**CURE FOR CHOLERA**—A friend hands us the following recipe, which he says proved serviceable when the cholera raged among the soldiers in the Crimea:—"The moment you detect the slightest symptom of the cholera, swallow as much rhubarb as will lie on a sixpence, and a tea-spoonful of powdered black pepper. If you have occasion to repeat the dose take the same amount of rhubarb and double the quantity of pepper. If you are not 'all right' after the second dose, swallow a piece of camphor about the size of a common pea, and take a second, if necessary, within two hours.

**THE GARROTTERS**—Morgan and Kelly, the suspected garroters, were yesterday discharged from custody on the charge of having obliterated Belanger and robbed him of a considerable sum of money. They were held, however, as rogues and vagabonds, examined and convicted, and ordered to appear to-day for final disposal.

**THE BRIG ANN**, laden with coal, was cast off by the Isabel four miles beyond Discovery Island, and immediately stood out to sea with a fair wind. The Ann will sail from San Francisco for Cork, Ireland, with grain.

**FROM NANAIMO**—The steamer Isabel, Capt. Chambers, with the brig Ann in tow, coal laden, arrived yesterday morning from Nanaimo. She reports seven inches of snow on the ground and the weather very cold.

**FLOODS**—The country south of Portland is under water. Bridges, roads and telegraph poles have been destroyed and no connection has been had with San Francisco for several days.

**THE LINE** between Portland and San Francisco is still down. That between this city and Portland remains intact, however, and we look for some news on the arrival of the San Francisco steamer at the latter city.

**WHAT KIND** of a joke would it be if the vessels now at New Westminster were frozen in for the remainder of the season? A Capital one.

**A TELEGRAM** to this office last evening from Portland states that the Pacific from San Francisco had not arrived, and that a heavy storm prevailed.

**HOME AGAIN**—The Enterprise with the Legislative Councilors is expected to return this evening.

**ERRATUM**—For "protective government" in yesterday's leader read "representative government."

**THE "GRUB" at Forward**, with Justice Morley on board, arrived from Cowichan yesterday.

**THE ACTIVE** will probably leave San Francisco for this port to-day, and will be due on Thursday.

**SKIM ICE** formed on James Bay above the bridge on Thursday night.

**THE MALACCA** prudently went to Burrard Inlet instead of New Westminster.

**THE JOSIE McNEAR** is being refitted for her trip to Portland, Oregon.

**A New and Grand Epoch in Medicine**—Dr. Mann is the founder of a new Medical System. The gran itarians, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach and paralyze the bowels, must give precedence to the man who restores health and appetite, with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most violent cases with a box or so. His wonderful and all healing Salve. These two great specialties of the Doctor are fast superseding all the stereotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggie's Pills and Salve have cured the eyes of the blind, the infirmity of the (poorly) powerless of quies, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggie's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dozen, and of which every box full taken creates a desperate necessity for another. One or two of Maggie's Pills suffice to place the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirits light and buoyant. This last quality makes the medicines very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Eruptions and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfectant power of Maggie's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that Maggie's Pills, Dyspeptic and Diarrhetic Pills cure where all others fail. While for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, and all abrasions of the skin Maggie's Salve is infallible. Sold by J. Mann, 111 East street, New York, and all Druggists at 25 cents a box.

**Auction Sales.**  
**THIS DAY**  
**Saturday, Jan. 26th,**  
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,  
**AT SALESROOM**  
**Wharf Street,**  
**J. A. McCREA**  
**WILL SELL**  
**Groceries**  
AND  
**Provisions.**

- 20 chests U. S. Tea
- 5 bbls Sal Soda
- 20 gunnies best Oregon Bacon
- 10 cases Oregon Lard in tins
- 10 kegs best Oregon Butter in rolls
- 20 boxes Virginia Tobacco, very fine
- 20 bbls superfine Flour
- 50 bxs Soap
- 10 bxs Candles
- 1 bbl Pea Nuts
- 1 bbl Almonds
- And a variety of other Goods. ja22

ALSO  
**Boots and Shoes**  
To Close Invoice,  
**INDIA RUBBER SHOES**

- 5 doz Mens' India Rubber Shoes
- 5 doz Ladies' do do
- 5 doz Ladies' Gaiters, sewed & nailed
- 4 cs Heavy Grained Cavalry Boots
- 4 cs Heavy Nailed and Pegged Boots

**Furniture**  
1 Mahogany French Bedstead  
1 do Bureau, 1 do Washstand  
1 Painted Bed-room Set, Bedstead,  
Mirror, Washstand, Small Table  
and Chairs, 1 Child's Crib, Blankets,  
1 8-day Clock, Pulu Mattrass,  
Straw do, Pillows, &c., &c.

- ALSO  
**Sherry and Brandy.**  
18 qr cks Sherry Wine  
25 do Brandy  
20 cs Porter, in bottles

And to Close Invoices  
**Invoice of Gosnell's Perfumery:**

- 80 cs Pipes
- 1 csk Crockery
- 1 cs Dumb Bells
- 1 csk Mule Shoes
- 1 Washing Machine

**Invoice of Carriage Lamps & Whips.** ja24

ALSO  
**Sugars**

**By Order of Messrs JANION, GREEN & RHODES,**

To Close Stock on Hand and Late Arrivals:

- T H H. 35 kegs No. 2, S. I. Sugar
- Hana 77 do do do
- Waikae 12, 21 do do do

In Bond or Duty paid.  
**Lewis Plantation:**  
141 kegs strictly No. 1, S. I. Sugar  
**Waikae Plantation:**  
No. 51, 11 kegs strict y No. 1, S I Sugar  
55, 92 do do do do  
56, 53 do do do do  
57, 36 do do do do  
The Sugars will be sold on a credit of 30 and 60 days. Approved endorsed paper. ja25

**Auction Sales.**  
J. A. McCREA—Continued.  
**Wednesday, Jan. 30,**  
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.  
On the Hudson Bay Co.'s Wharf,  
**CARGO**  
OF THE  
**Schr. Premier,**  
ON A LIBERAL CREDIT,

- Consisting of:
- 174 kegs Wailuku Plantation
  - 263 do Labaine do
  - 159 do Halawa do
  - 226 do Oahu do
  - 238 do Pioneer do
  - 125 do Kohala do
  - 23 do Hawaiian do
  - 44 do Honolulu do
  - 200 bags do do
- AND  
100 bbls Molasses  
40 bags Coffee ja24  
IN BOND OR DUTY PAID.  
I. A. McCREA,  
Auctioneer.

**Raffle—A Rare Chance.**  
The Latest Edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica,  
Complete in Twenty-One Volumes Quarto.  
TO BE RAFFLED ON SATURDAY,  
January 26th, 1887, at the ROYAL HOTEL, INN  
where the Books may be seen and Tickets obtained.  
**FOURTY CHANCES, AT \$2 50, EACH.** ja17 41

**Victoria Volunteer Rifle Corps.**  
A GENERAL MEETING OF THE CORPS  
will be held on MONDAY EVENING, 28th inst., at the  
orderly room, James Bay, at 8 o'clock.  
By order, J. G. VINTER,  
Lieut. and Adjt.

**Spring Ridge Water Works Company, Limited.**

**NOTICE OF MEETING.**  
THE ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL  
Meeting of the Company will be held, at the office,  
Fort street, on Monday, 28th inst., at Two o'clock p.m.  
By order of the Directors,  
N. J. N. USTADT, Secretary.  
Victoria, V.I., Jan. 19, 1887. ja21 41

**Re John Paul Coach.**  
A DIVIDEND IN THE ABOVE ESTATE  
at the rate of 3 1-10 per cent., will be paid by the  
undersigned on and after Sunday, the 28th inst., between  
the hours of 2 and 4 p.m.  
JNO. J. AUSTIN,  
Assignee.  
Office at A. T. Elliott's Auction Rooms, Wharf street.  
ja25

**LOST.**  
ABOUT THE 19th DECEMBER LAST,  
between St. Ann's school, View street, and the  
Express Office, Yates street, a Work-book Pattern of  
Dogs, of no use to anyone but the owner. The finder will  
be handsomely rewarded by leaving the same at the  
St. Ann's school, View street. ja18 1w

**LOST.**  
ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, SUPPOSED  
to be the neighborhood of Johnson street, a Pocket  
book, containing a note for \$400, drawn by E. G. Earl, in  
favor of Thomas Schwartz, in other papers, of no value  
but to the owner. Fugitive of the note has been secured, as  
it does not fall due until April next. A suitable reward  
is offered for the safe return of the above to this office.  
ja16 1w

**GLORIOUS NEWS FOR YOUNGSTERS**  
1 Btl. 2 Bts. 3 Bts. and so on.  
GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE  
of Toys. All my cheap bargain lots at Ann's  
age will be sold. NOW, Cheap, and not kept for high  
prices next Christmas. Fishes, Snuffers, Cakes and  
Aunts, and kind hearted people generally, with troops of  
little folks, please call early.  
W. K. BULL,  
Variety Store, Fort street.  
ja18

**STEAMER ALEXANDER.**  
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE  
undersigned will be responsible for any debts con-  
tracted by the crew of the Russian American Company's  
steamer Alexander.  
JANION, GREEN & RHODES,  
Agents.  
ja23

**Trade Licence Amendment Acts, 1862 and 1865.**  
**PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,**  
that under the Statute of the British Empire, relating to  
the said Acts, on the 21st December, 1865, he  
handed to the Assessor on or before the 24th January,  
instant, immediate steps will be taken to carry out the  
act, as provided for by section 1X of the Trade Licence  
Amendment Act, 1865."  
CHARLES G. WILLY,  
Assessor.  
Victoria, B.C., January 19th, 1867.  
SECTION IX—Every person bound to make a Return  
under the provisions of this or the said 1862 Act,  
and failing so to do shall be liable to a penalty not ex-  
ceeding the sum of One Hundred Dollars, to be recovered  
in a summary way before any Justice of the Peace."  
ja21 41

**Auction Sales.**  
**J. P. Davies & Co**  
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.  
Salesroom, Fireproof Stone Build-  
ing, Wharf Street near Yates.  
Cash advances made on Consignments.  
**Mortgagee Sale.**  
We are instructed to sell,  
**AT SALESROOM,**  
Wharf street,  
**Monday, Jan. 28th,**  
AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

By order of the Mortgagee,  
In pursuance of a power of sale contained  
in a Deed dated 15th July, 1863, duly  
registered 28th July, 1863, and num-  
bered 1259.  
ALL that piece or parcel of Land, being  
part of Lot 432, thence running east 10 feet,  
thence at right angles south 120 feet, thence  
at right angles west 10 feet, thence northerly  
along the boundary of Lot 433 to the place  
of beginning.

—ALSO—  
LOT 443, together with the Buildings  
thereon, consisting of the  
**Jewish Synagogue.**  
The above valuable Property, which cost  
over \$18,000, will positively be sold unless  
sufficient means is raised by subscription to  
pay off the same by the day of sale.

**Acts of Sale at Buyer's Expense.**  
The Deeds can be seen at the Office of  
Messrs DRAKE & JACKSON, Solicitors  
to the Mortgagee, Government street.  
**J. P. DAVIES & CO.,**  
Auctioneers.  
ja22

**DR. BARNARD,**  
**DENTIST**  
HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE  
south of Fort street.  
He is conversant with all modern Dental im-  
provements, and uses none but the best materials in his  
practice.  
Teeth mounted on Silver, Gold or the Vulcanite Base  
in the neatest and most artistic manner.  
22 PLATES of Silver, Gold or Vulcanite  
strongly and satisfactorily repaired, and  
partially divided or completely broken in two.  
Chloroform administered and Teeth extracted with-  
out pain. Advice given gratis.  
Office hours from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. ja21 1w

**LONDON AND LANCASHIRE**  
**Fire Insurance Company**  
(REGISTERED).  
CAPITAL - - ONE MILLION.  
Offices—33 and 74 King William Street  
London, & Water Street, Liverpool.

**SPROAT & CO.,**  
LATE ANDERSON & CO.,  
MERCHANTS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS  
EXPORTERS OF  
SPARS, LUMBER, CURED FISH AND DOGFISH &c.  
AGENTS FOR  
"ROYAL" INSURANCE COMPANY;  
"ROYAL" MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY  
ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR  
R. B. BYASS & CO'S BOTTLED BEER;  
F. WHEED & CO'S  
S. L. ALSEOP & SONS,  
E. & G. HIBBERT'S  
J. & J. RONALDSON'S PORTS AND SHERRIES;  
HOOPER & SON'S  
JULES ROBIN & CO'S C. AGERBRANDERS.  
Store street, Victoria, V.I., 224 nos, 1866. ja22

**Auction Sales.**  
**HOUSEHOLD**  
**Furniture,**  
**By Auction,**  
**P. M. BACKUS,**  
Has been instructed by  
**H. WAKEFORD, Esq.,**  
TO SELL  
**ON THE PREMISES,**  
**BELLLOT STREET,**  
Between Vancouver and Cook streets, just  
beyond the Ladies' College,  
**On Tuesday, Jan. 29,**  
AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.,  
ALL HIS  
**Household**  
**Furniture,**  
Consisting of:

Piano, Sofas, Chairs, Carpets, Look-  
ing Glasses, Curtains, &c., &c.  
ALSO  
Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture ja21  
**BILLIARDS**  
AT THE  
**BEE HIVE.**  
EVERY  
**ENGLISH POOL!**  
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY  
AT NINE O'CLOCK.  
—AND—  
**DAILY JOURNALS**  
FOR 1867,  
**POCKET AND COUNTING HOUSE,**  
With the usual varieties of styles and prices, can be  
found at  
**T. N. HIBBEN & CO'S,**  
Government street.  
ja12 2p 1

**Coal! Coal!**  
**D. KAVANAGH & CO., IN RETURN-**  
ing thanks to their numerous friends and Cu-  
stomers for favors shown during the past year, beg to in-  
form them that in consequence of a slight reduction in  
freight they are enabled to offer the  
**Best Nanaimo Screened Coal at \$11**  
**per Ton, and in proportion for**  
**corresponding quantities.**  
d31 1m2p

**TO SHEEP FARMERS, CATTLE**  
**DEALERS, &c.**  
**TO LEASE AT A LOW RENTAL, 800**  
Acres of Fenced Pasture Land, distant from Victoria  
1 1/2 miles. Apply to  
W. H. McNEILL,  
J. D. PEMBERTON.  
ja21 1m

**Removal.**  
THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE  
to state that he has removed his stock of goods  
(consisting of Groceries, &c.) from Wharf street to the  
brick building on Yates street, adjoining Cowper's Boot  
Store, opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.  
He will sell his Goods, Wholesale, at the lowest  
rates, for cash.  
**A. CASAMAYOU.**  
Victoria, V. I. Nov. 14, 1866. n915 6m

**NOTICE.**  
**STRAYED INTO THE HILLSIDE**  
FARM about a month ago, Two Steers—  
one red, 5 years old, with the right ear  
cut and the tail cut square; the other black  
with ear cut and left horn cut square, slightly branded  
and both rather wild. The owner can have the same by  
paying expenses, on application to MR. CARTER, or they  
will be sold to pay charges.  
Victoria, January 21, 1867. ja22 1w

**Auction Sales.**  
**P. M. BACKUS—Continued.**  
**Real Estate**  
**At Auction.**  
**Mortgagee's Sale.**  
**P. M. BACKUS**  
Has been instructed to sell  
**Monday, Feb. 4th,**  
AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.  
On the premises,  
**MR. L'HOTELIERS,**  
**HOUSE AND LOT**  
On Yates Street,  
[Between Quadra & Vancouver Streets.]  
**THE HOUSE IS ONE OF THE BEST IN**  
**VICTORIA.**  
CONDITIONS OF SALE:

The above property is sold by virtue of the  
power of sale contained in a mortgage deed  
dated April 18, 1866, and the purchaser is  
not to have any other title than that held by  
the mortgagee. The deed can be inspected  
at Messrs Drake & Jackson's office.  
The mortgage and title are duly registered  
in the Land Registry Office.

**TERMS OF SALE:**  
20 per cent. cash on day of sale; 20 per  
cent. in three months; 20 per cent. in six  
months; 20 per cent. in nine months; 20 per  
cent. in twelve months; at the rate of one  
and one half per cent. per month.  
Acts of sale at buyer's expense.  
Full description of the property here-  
after. ja12  
ALSO

ALL that certain piece or parcel of land,  
situate in the Town of Victoria, Vancouver  
Island, being subdivision No. nineteen (19)  
of Lot one hundred and twenty one A (121A).  
This property is in the occupation of Mr  
McLean, Fort street, and has a good store  
erected on it.

ALSO,  
ALL that and those pieces or parcels of  
of land. First—All that piece or parcel of  
ground, situate in Victoria, V. I., being the  
western half of lot one thousand and seventy-  
two (1072), measuring thirty feet in width and  
one hundred and twenty feet in length, to-  
gether with all appurtenances to the same  
belonging.

ALSO,  
ALL that certain piece or parcel of land  
situate in Victoria, V. I., and being more  
particularly known as town Lot No. one  
thousand and forty-eight (1048), as laid down  
upon the official map of Victoria aforesaid,  
and being the same which was originally sold  
by the Hudson Bay Company to Charles A.  
Clifford, and conveyed to him by their deed,  
No. 594, dated the 16th February, 1859,  
and signed by John Work and James Doug-  
las, Chief Factors.

The title deeds will be open to the inspection  
of any person at the office of Messrs  
Drake & Jackson, the mortgagee's Solicitors  
at any time before the day of sale. ja18  
**CONDITIONS OF SALE:**  
The above-mentioned property being  
offered for sale under the powers in that de-  
ed contained in the several mortgage deeds  
under which the mortgagees have the same,  
and which deeds have been duly registered  
under the Land Registry Act, 1860; the title  
shall commence with those deeds, and the  
purchaser shall not require the production of  
or investigate, or make any objection or re-  
quisition in respect of the prior title, whether  
such prior title appear by recital, settlement,  
covenant for production or otherwise, or do  
not appear at all.



